Smith's Report

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IHR Prevails against Willis Carto in Missing Millions Case; Carto and the Liberty Lobby Ordered to pay IHR \$10 million

A judge in Vista, California has found that Willis Carto and one of his associates, Henry Fischer, as well as Carto's Washington, DC-based Liberty Lobby, owe the Institute for Historical Review (through its controlling corporation, the Legion for the Survival of Freedom), about \$10 million.

California Superior Court Judge Runston Maino ruled on November 13 that Carto acted wrongfully in withholding and concealing from the IHR \$6.43 million of a \$7.5 million bequest to the institute by Jean Farrel, a grandniece of Thomas Edison, and ordered Carto and the Liberty Lobby to return the money--with 10% percent interest computed since 1991, which adds up to some \$10 million. In addition, the judge ordered Carto and his wife Elisabeth, Fischer, former LSF officers and directors Lewis and Lavonne Furr, and Vibet, evidently a corporation set up in Switzerland for the

conversion of the Farrel estate assets to Carto's use, to account for an unspecified quantity of gold and gems missing from the IHR's share of the Farrel estate.

In a separate letter issued a day before the ruling, Judge Maino stated that Carto had backdated corporate minutes, deceived lawful directors as to the Farrel estate, falsely told others that they were directors, and wrongfully acted as though the Farrel money left to the IHR in Switzerland in 1986 was his to do with as he wished.

The judge characterized Willis Carto's testimony during the trial as follows: "I found that much of his testimony made no sense; much of his testimony in court was different from his previous testimony; much of his testimony was contradicted by other witnesses or by documents. By the end of the trial I was of the opinion that Mr. Carto lacked candor, lacked memory, and lacked the ability to be forthright about what he honestly did remember."

On the last day of the trial, Carto submitted a torn, handwritten, barely legible sheet of paper bearing a scrawled accounting of the disbursement of the Farrel money. According to this document, which Judge Maino characterized as illustrative of Carto's "entire attitude: one of arrogance, deceit, evasiveness and convenient memory," Carto and his cronies and his "causes" have devoured all

but a couple of hundred thousand of the Farrel millions.

Thus, a potential war chest that could have made the Institute of Historical Review--which Carto helped found and on behalf of which he claimed to act--a true force on the national and international scene was squandered away, on Carto's sworn testimony, on such enterprises as Euro Disney (\$54,000 lost, Carto reports) and something called Cal Futures (\$500,000 lost). The judge found that \$100,000 of the Farrel bequest actually reached the IHR (presumably this does not include

the slightly larger amount that Carto caused to be loaned, out of money that belonged to it, at interest, to IHR).

The staff at IHR is nonetheless hopeful that, despite Carto's testimony, a significant portion of the \$7.5 million that Jean Farrel left to it on behalf of the revisionist cause ten years ago is still intact, and that it can be retrieved, with judicial prodding if necessary, from the remote caches in which Carto and Fischer have likely secreted what they haven't spent. Judge Maino's ruling, and his letter on the evidence, sustains the case of the IHR employees who

(continued on page four)

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Judge Runston Maino California Superior Court



Bradley R. Smith

Notebook

<u>Willis Carto</u> The story on page one about the Carto-IHR stand-off in the Vista courtroom is hard news. There's another side to the story that I suppose we can call soft news.

The first week in November I had some business to take care of in Southern California and the next day, Tuesday the 5th, I drove on south for another hour to Vista where I parked at the court house and began looking for the room where Willis Carto and IHR were at last having their great stand-off over the Farrel millions. Mark Weber et al. claim the money was meant to further the work of IHR, while Carto has argued it was meant for him to do with what he thinks best.

Due to the vigorous criminality of our citizenry, the courts in San Diego County are overflowing and court room number 11 is outside the main building in two joined house trailers. When I arrived the court was in recess for lunch so I decided to stroll around the grounds. There on the narrow asphalt walkway I passed Willis, his wife Elisabeth and Liberty Lobby attorney Mark Lane. We've known each other for years. None of them recognized me. I was wearing blue jeans, tennis shoes and a quilted jacket. I suppose I looked like your typical day laborer, but I was wearing the same mug and beard and glasses. They all had their thoughts on higher matters.

In the court room Mark Lane's wife and I were the only spectators. Mark Weber and his attorneys were there, Willis, Elisabeth with their two lawyers, and the judge and two marshals to keep the peace. Willis looked just as he did the last time I saw him four or five years ago, which suggests good health. Elisabeth looked terrific. Elisabeth always looks terrific. Mark Lane has put on a little weight (maybe I can sell this story to the *Enquirer*). Judge Runston Maino reminded me of Andrew Allen, the fellow who Carto used to blame for turning the IHR into a front for the ADL, a charge he did not bother mentioning to the judge.

Maino is in his forties, energetic, a little shorter than average maybe, a jokester, and straightforward and sensible. He had no interest in all the in-fighting that has gone on between the two parties. Twice in the afternoon he pointed out that he saw the proceedings as a simple business trial. Only one matter was to be judged. Did Willis Carto illegally convert the Farrel millions or didn't he?

When the afternoon session was over I spoke briefly with Mark Weber. I had no way to know from that one afternoon how the trial was going. Mark was confident Judge Maino would decide for IHR. Mark has been confident for two years that IHR would win this one. I've more or less suspected, or been half afraid, that Mark was kidding himself. But now it's over and I was wrong and Mark was right. Willis will almost certainly appeal, but it looks to me that he's about to lose his pants and that he could end up in the jug.

Five years ago, when the struggle between Willis and the IHR staff heated up over editorial control of the *Journal of Historical Review*, I sided with the staff. I didn't want to see the *Journal* transformed from a scholarly journal to a political one. As the struggle *really* heated up, I simply wanted Willis to get out of the way. The Farrel bequest had now become part of the picture. I didn't understand the ins and outs of the Farrel money, but if it was to have gone to IHR, I wanted IHR to get it so it could continue to pursue its mandate, which was, and still is, to advance revisionist theory.

In the end I wanted Willis out of IHR, but I have to say I hope he doesn't go to jail. Maybe he won't. He's crooked (see our story on page one), but in a kind of independent, loner, American sort of way. I don't think he set out to commit criminal acts, he just didn't take seriously the law of the land as it applied to him, or the limitations of his character and sensibilities, or the extent of his paranoia. For years it didn't matter. Then things changed and it began to matter but Willis remained the same.

One night about five years ago I arrived in Washington D.C. on a warm autumn night and took a cab over to Independence Avenue near Liberty Lobby where I was familiar with a small strip of restaurants and bars and could half-expect to run into someone I knew. That night, as luck would have it, I ran into Trish Katson, a spokesperson for Liberty Lobby. We caught up with each other for a while and she mentioned that Willis was working late at the office and that she would walk me over and see if I couldn't stay there.

We strolled over to a side entrance to the Lobby building and Trish knocked on the door and shouted and after a moment Willis framed himself in the yellow light of the opened door. He was smiling and in his undershirt and his hair was rumpled and he looked small and, I thought for the first time, kind of vulnerable. I was struck by the simplicity of his manner and the lack of ostentation in his

daily round. As it turns out, he appears to be as vulnerable legally as that night he appeared to be physically.

The Campus Project Last month I reported here that I had submitted a four-column-inch advertisement to the Harvard Crimson to protest the Harvard Law Library's inclusion of CODOH and me in its "Guide to Hate on the Net." The headline read: "Must We All Believe Alike?" I printed the ad here in SR. Whereupon a number of you took the trouble to point out that in the ad I had misspelled "dispise." I was surprised to see that many of you who corrected me have as your first language some tongue other than English. Can't you foreigners take a joke? It was a test!

The ad I in fact submitted to the *Crimson* had a slightly different text and did not, fortunately, include the word "dispise." Before I had the chance to submit the ad to other student newspapers, however, we began hearing that the "Guide" was disassociating itself from Harvard Law (see our story in this issue). That meant I might have to change the text. I didn't know how long it might take to find out what was actually going on, so I worked out another ad, this one only two column inches, and began submitting it. It reads: "Holocaust Revisionism. Why are the Thought Police Panicked? Read the evidence. Judge for yourself." Simple. And I give my addresses.

My theory, which I've noted here a number of times, is that we no longer need to invest hundreds of dollars, sometimes \$1,000 and even \$1,500 and more, to run one full-page ad in one student newspaper one time.

Holocaust Revisionism

Why are the Thought Police panicked? Read the evidence. Judge for yourself.

http://www.codoh.com
Or: CODOH POB 3267 Visalia CA 93278

Those were the days, only three, four and five years ago, when we had no way to get a substantial amount of text before a student audience other than spending that kind of money for a one-shot run at kicking up a fuss.

Now we have CODOHWeb. Every college student and every newspaper editor in America can reach CODOHWeb and find there (literally) one hundred times the amount of information that can be gotten into one full page ad. The information doesn't appear for one day only, as it does for an advertisement. It's there *permanently!* It's not going to disappear. If you want it, you're going to get it. The challenge for me is to find a way to reach the student body at every college in the nation with a notice telling them where they can find this information. They will know what to do with it. Not all of them, but many of them. Many is plenty good enough.

The outcome for the moment, and I regret to say I wasted some time diddling over the "Harvard Law" ad when I should have scuttled it immediately and moved on

to something else, is that the above advertisement is running in *The Signal* at Georgia State, *The Daily Vanguard* at Portland State, *Tech Talk* at Louisiana Tech, *The Tartan* at Carnegie-Mellon, and *The Daily O'Collegian* at Oklahoma State. It's running one time a week for four or five weeks at each campus. If the winter break interrupts the schedule, the ad will run again in January. By then I hope to have received enough contributions to run the ad in a hundred papers around the country. Seventy-five dollars on average will pay to insert the ad one time each week for four weeks, which is my modest goal, and to cover my costs in time, telephone, fax and so on.

In addition to the above papers, the ad was accepted by the *Colorado Daily* at Colorado U. at Boulder, and by the *Broadside* at George Mason University at Fairfax Virginia. Each took payment by credit card, and each reneged on its agreement. At the *Colorado Daily* the advertising department discovered a "policy" it had instituted which prohibits publication of any ad mentioning revisionism in a light that is not negative. Content of the ad itself does not matter, nor does the value of the material being advertised. If it's revisionist, it's prohibited.

At the *Broadcast* Millisa Meisner informed me that it will not run the ad because it is "objectionable." The *Broadcast* recently printed a "racist" opinion column that made a lot of trouble for the paper. If the *Broadcast* were to run my objectionable ad, many would assume the *Broadcast* was promoting revisionism, as many had assumed it had promoted racism.

<u>Unpublished Letters</u> A reader suggests that I open a department on CODOHWeb where I would publish some of the uncounted letters-to-the-editor written by revisionists over the years but not printed for political reasons. He doesn't mean every little scribble dashed off in a moment of anger, but those that have a point of view carefully worked out. I know for a fact that there are a great number of such letters. We would note which papers were being addressed and could develop something of a perspective on what these newspapers find not fit to print. I wonder what some of you letter writers think of the idea. I would need a volunteer editor to help me with the project.

Speaking of Volunteers Yesterday when I finished sorting out the stories for this issue of SR I realized I was going to have to say something about the Radio Project. I've not had time this month to lift a finger with regard to radio. Again. I didn't like having to say that *last* month, and I didn't look forward to having to say it again this month. It occured to me for the first time in ten years that I need help booking radio interviews. I have always taken care of it myself. That was then. I can either go on telling myself I can still take care of it by myself or I can recognize the pattern I have set over the last few months. I'm going to recognize the pattern. I can't do it alone any longer. I need help.

Radio is that part of the traditional media that is most open to allowing an open discussion of the holocaust controversy. We can reach very big audiences with it, and we can guide them all to the information available free on CODOHWeb; the most important revisionist scholars and the most important revisionist texts. If you are willing to consider getting involved in booking interviews for Tom Reveille, Robert Countess and myself on talk radio, please contact me by fax or letter. We'll talk it over. I know how to book the shows. I've booked hundreds for myself and others. I'll show you how to do it. I will take care of all the relevant expenses. You will need to invest a considerable amount of time and bother

(Carto -- continued from page one)

overthrew Carto in 1993 after he had failed to respond to a number of their grievances, from the missing millions to his efforts to derail IHR's journal from its scholarly, revisionist track.

After three years of heated verbiage, some of it in the pages of past issues of this newsletter, both sides have finally had their day in court. Carto's protestations that the missing millions were rightfully his fell flat; his stories about where the money went proved as shabby as the page they were scribbled on. As for the colorful motley of Mossad agents, ADLers, Scientologists, spooks from the CIA, Burmese dissidents, and Afghan insurgents who, in Carto's telling, had figured in the plot to kick him out of the IHR--of them Carto and his lawyers, including the noted conspiratologist Mark Lane, spoke not a single word in the courtroom. No doubt there will be appeals, evasions, and excursions down the coming months and years. Perhaps IHR will never recover more than a small fraction of its money. But the IHR is cleansed, and Willis Carto is finished as a force among revisionists, and probably among "populists" and "patriots" too. And justly so.

These words are not written without a certain melancholy. It is hard not to admire Carto's spunk, energy, and achievements--not always entirely his, not infrequently to his private advantage. Without him there would have been no Institute for Historical Review. But alongside his virtues are his vices: his pettiness, his spleen, his vindictiveness, his smallness of spirit and narrowness of vision, let alone his cupidity and deceit in the matter of IHR's missing millions.

In the end, what precipitated Carto's fall was a breach of faith with revisionism. It wasn't simply the millions-although devoting the money Jean Farrel had earmarked for the revisionist work of the IHR to the not entirely congruent concerns of the Liberty Lobby, the fortunes of "le canard Donald" (or whatever the French call Donald Duck) etc. is no light matter. But Carto never really understood the moral and intellectual force behind Holocaust and other areas of scholarly revisionism, or its

liberating potential. Rather, he seems to consider these fungible properties (somewhat like the Farrel assets) that could thrive as easily on the assorted intellectual oddments he has been featuring in his tabloid *The Spotlight* for years, and was planning to serve up in *The Journal of Historical Review* as well.

Revisionism is not merely a body of evidence and ideas. It is a community: of scholars, of publicists, of employees, of subscribers and supporters. It speaks for those who cannot speak; it aids its embattled scholars and activists; it unearths for generations yet unborn facts buried with their great-grandparents, facts that can set them free.

Revisionism is based on truth. Since it costs money, and since its supporters bear that cost, revisionism must also be based on trust. Trust and truth: it's that simple.

For a firsthand look at what Judge Maino had to say about the courtroom testimony of the major players in this drama, including Tom Marcellus, Mark Weber, Elisabeth Carto and [especially] Willis Carto. We have:

-- the 13 November "letter" written by Judge Maino, which tells us how he looked at these people (9 pp.)

-- the 14 November "Statement of Decision" (4 pp.)

--the 18 November IHR press release (3 pp.)

-- one or more press clippings related to the story

--in all, a minimum of 17 pages

(Contribution \$10)

Faurisson trial suspended. French historian's denial of gas chamber evidence stuns prosecutors.

Yet another in the interminable round of prosecutions of Professor Robert Faurisson was suddenly halted on November 15 when Faurisson and his attorney, Eric Delcroix, challenged the constitutionality of France's repressive *Loi Gayssot*, which makes it a crime to dispute the historicity of the Nazi Holocaust. In an appeal that will be considered by France's supreme court of appeal, the *Cour de Cassation*, the defendant argued that by depriving French courts of their right to consider the historical facts, the law reduces judicial prerogatives solely to determining the evidence of the "denial" and the severity of the sentence.

The current case resulted from a press release issued by Faurisson last April which hailed the evident conversion of Roger Garaudy and the Abbe Pierre [see SR #'s 34, 36, 37] to the side of revisionists "who claim that the alleged genocide of the Jews and the alleged Nazi gas chambers are one and the same historical lie." Although the trial could have proceeded while the law itself was under appeal, to the consternation of the public prosecutor and the attorney for five Jewish organizations which are allowed to participate in the prosecution (as is common in continental law) the three judges hearing the case decided

to postpone the trial until the higher court's ruling on the Loi Gayssot.

Nor was that the only bombshell Professor Faurisson dropped on his persecutors in court that day: he submitted to the court two stunning articles by a French historian, Jacques Baynac, which appeared in the September 2 and 3 editions of the Swiss (Lausanne) newspaper *Le Nouveau Quotidien*, in which Baynac called for an end to the legal repression of revisionism. Even more sensationally, Baynac described the chaos that Holocaust revisionism has unleashed among French intellectuals. Most sensational of all, the professed exterminationist writes that, "heartbeaking as it is to hear it or to say it," there is no documentary or technical evidence for the existence of the gas chambers at all.

What kind of hairsplitting is it, as Faurisson properly asks the court, that makes him subject to imprisonment (from a month to a year), fine (from the equivalent of \$400 to \$60,000) and other punishment as well for saying that there is no evidence for the gas chambers, and that therefore they don't exist; while allowing Baynac to go unmolested for "denying" the material evidence for the gas chambers, but taking on faith the stories of the eyewitnesses? Here, it seems, French justice is just a step away from trying whether the famous affirmation of faith of the early Christian Tertullian, "Credo quia absurdum" (I believe [it] because it's absurd!), would comply with the Loi Gayssot.

For all his equivocations on whether the extermination story is correct, many of which may be more prudential than sincere, Jacques Baynac has forthrightly pointed out that in the Holocaust controversy, the exterminationist camp has ceded the field of scientific, scholarly inquiry to the revisionists. He has made it no less clear that if the establishment scholars are to re-establish the scientific credibility of the Holocaust, they must allow revisionists to make their arguments, and disprove them if they can. As

he writes: "...as soon as one is on scientific ground, it is forbidden to forbid revision or denial." We couldn't have said it better ourselves.

From an American viewpoint, Jacques Baynac's two articles contain a great deal more of interest to revisionists, above all their documentation of the agony of French exterminationists in the

aftermath of the Garaudy and Abbe Pierre affair. In Baynac's telling, the fuse that Robert Faurisson and Pierre Guillaume and their friends lit and nurtured through many years of work and suffering has rocked the world of politics and culture in France to its foundations. In the establishment and on the left, there is suspicion and hysteria that the revisionist doctrines are secretly spreading, in their midst; in the media, the lamentations of the Holocaustomaniacs at their inability to contain Faurisson & Co., encapsulated most succinctly in L'Evenement du jeudi's big headline all over Paris one day last spring: "Victory for the Revisionists"; across France, panicky denunciations of suspected revisionists, from France's Olympic synchronized swim team (for profaning Schindler's List! [see SR #34]) to a school teacher who innocently assigned her students a problem in calculating the duration of an asphyxiation by gas.

It was Robert Faurisson's long-standing, gallant attorney, Eric Delcroix (himself a victim of the *Loi Gayssot* [see SR#37]) who described Holocaust revisionism as "the intellectual adventure of the late twentieth century." So it is; so it is.

In exchange for your <u>contribution of \$10</u> we'll send you a full translation of both articles from Le Nouveau Quotidien of September 2 and 3. We've seen no more devastating, fact-filled admission of the intellectual power and progress of revisionist scholarship--from an establishment historian--anywhere.

Good-bye Harvard, hello JDL. Revisionists rattle some "hate" mongers

In the last two issues of SR, we reported on the emergence of a new player in the "watchdog" industry, a Web site that called itself (somewhat grandiloquently) "The Harvard Law School Library's Guide to Hate Groups on the Internet." The "Guide" was of particular relevance, of course, because its listings included the Committee for

Open Debate on the Holocaust.

While in a sense it's an honor, these days, to be so listed, just as it was an honor in Revolutionary times to have a price put on one's head for defying King George, neither CODOH nor I are engaged in "hate," and don't take lightly being tarred with the word. CODOHWeb's Richard

tarred with the word. CODOHWeb's Richard Widmann immediately wrote a scathing letter of reproach to the "unknown" Harvard Librarian who edits the Guide. Next, I submitted a version of the four-column-inch ad you



"How should we deal with the 4-million condemned to death?"

"Let's consult the experts."

Chard, Rivorol, 19 April 1996

saw here last month to the *Harvard Crimson* asking if we really must all believe alike and urging readers to go to CODOHWeb and see for themselves what the controversy is all about. No dice, as reported in SR#37 (the *Crimson* informed me it "does not run ads from organizations which distribute hate"), but behind the scenes things were beginning to happen. We at CODOH were not the only revisionists protesting the standards of the Harvard Law Guide, and the Guide itself.

When Michael Hoffman, veteran revisionist and dissident writer, learned that the Harvard Law Library guide had smeared CODOH and other revisionists, while at the same time making no provision for groups arguably more disposed to hatred, he lit into them on the Internet with a searing critique of their hypocrisy, bigotry, and obscurantism.

"Let's repeat," Hoffman scolded via E-mail, "when you list Bradley Smith's academic CODOH group as a hate site and fail to list the Web site of the bomb-throwing Jewish 'Defense' League, your credibility and objectivity are extinguished, whatever your protests and exclamations to the contrary."

Normally, responses such as Hoffman's and CODOH's have no measurable, aboveground effect. That wasn't the case here, though. Soon after Mike Hoffman had verbally cudgeled the anonymous person or persons in charge of the "bigotbusting" Web site, the Guide added a new category: not far from pages featuring "Christian Nationalists" and "Black Racialists," the Jewish Defense League was gracing the Harvard Law Library Guide's new "Anti-Christian / Anti-Arab Bigotry" page.

Well, that wasn't the only result. Michael Hoffman's Web site, "Independent History and Research" (http://www.hoffman-info.com/) promptly found its way into the Guide's collection of revisionist hatemongers.

Two questions for the Guide: are there any Holocaust Revisionists who are not haters? Is it possible that there ever could be?

The changes at the Harvard Law Library Guide to Hate Groups on the Internet were just beginning, however. In mid-November, the Guide began informing the public that it was no longer affiliated with Harvard, that it was now calling itself HateWatch, and was an independent, non-profit organization.

We don't know yet exactly what brought this about-Widmann's letter and the letters of others, the ad submitted to the *Crimson* (which certainly came to the attention of authorities at the Harvard Law School, no matter that the ad didn't run), our announced intention in the last issue of *Smith's Report* to submit the ad to student newspapers around the country--and/or the white heat of Michael Hoffman's words--but something caused the nameless, faceless operatives behind the Guide to give up the plush Harvard association, and the university to put some public distance between itself and the hatewatchers, because somebody seems to have gone over the side.

Revisionism rampant 'round the globe

David Irving has threatened to sue Australian Prime Minister John Howard for calling him a "crackpot historian" and a criminal (due to his arrests for revisionism) on November 8th. Irving was denied a visa by Australian authorities a few days before....The Adelaide Institute (P.O. Box 3300, Norwood, 5067 Australia) reports that two leading Australian historians--Trevor Wilson, University of Adelaide and Robin Prior, Australian Defense Force Academy--lamented in a letter published in The Australian (October 24th) that "In a truly alarming development, a section of far-right historians [which somehow includes British establishment pillar John Charmley--ed.] has begun embracing his [Irving's] vendetta against Churchill." Not bad, for a crackpot.....Jacques Baynac's September 2nd article in Le Nouveau Quotidien (see the Faurisson article elsewhere in this issue) also reports that Roger Garaudy's Holocaust revisionist Founding Myths of Israeli Politics was seized last June in Switzerland, and a bookseller in Montreux charged, under Switzerland's law criminalizing Holocaust revisionism....Michael Hoffman e-mails the London Telegraph, to call "a load of bollocks" their uncritical November 20th report of hitherto unknown atrocities carried out by Germans during their wartime occupation of Britain's Channel Islands, until now famous only for the absence of resistance to the Germans (although British guerrillas stirred up bloody guerrilla attacks and reprisals everywhere else in German-occupied Europe). Chief new atrocity: a Russian POW crucified, then frozen to death, by the Germans. Old hands will recall the notorious WWI "Crucified Canadian" dreamed up by Allied propagandists....Meanwhile, the only real candidate for "Crucified Canadian," Ernst Zuendel, faces new harassment from Canada's Secret Intelligence Review Committee, which discredited group Zuendel was able to cow last spring (see SR#34). SIRC is now petitioning for "intervenor status" in the immigration ministry's court fight to deport Zuendel--meaning more time, more trouble, more expense for Ernst.....That news was gleaned from his colleague, Ingrid Rimland, in her on-line Zuendelgram [http://www.webcom.com/ezundel/english/]. Ingrid, an award-winning California novelist who grew up in Paraguay in a German Mennonite community of refugees from the USSR and the Bundesrepublik, writes a matchless commentary on Ernst Zuendel's travails and triumphs, as well as the larger revisionist battle for honor and truth--every day!....Latest word from maverick revisionist David Wayfield, banned from the Tisbury town library on Martha's Vineyard in 1991 due to his revisionist views, and falsely accused of swiping a menorah that the library turned out to have misplaced (so much for separation of synagogue and state!), is that a federal judge

has refused to dismiss Wayfield's \$10 million suit against Tisbury, and the suit is moving forward.

From time to time, this space will report on publications that reach us from our friends at home and abroad. From Belgium, the Stichting Vrij Historisch Onderzoek (European Foundation for Free Historical Research, address: P.O. Box 60, B-2600 Berchem 2, Belgium) publishes and sells many books, pamphlets and videos in German, English and French, including a wellorganized, two-volume paperback set of revisionist positions on the Holocaust: La

Controverse sur l'Extermination des Juifs par les Allemands.... In Germany the Verlag der Freunde (The Friends' Publishing House) and its principals, Andreas Roehler and Peter Toepfer, are in hot water with the censors for publishing a variety of revisionist, European new right and Nazi (for example, an SS song book) materials, including an intelligent review titled Sleipnir. Not precisely CODOH's cup of tea, but the Verlag can be contacted at:

Verlag der Freunde, Postfach 350264, D-10211 Berlin. Germany. Tel/fax: 49-/0/-30 927863.... L'Autre Histoire (The Other History), edited by Breton revisionist and CODOH friend Trystan Mordrel, brims with interesting articles and excellent illustrations. The latest issue to reach us (October 16, 1996) includes an interview with Roger Garaudy, a gas-chamber true believer's critique of Garaudy and Robert Faurisson, and Garaudy's response, as well as articles on Goebbels and Goering, and more. Address: L'Autre Histoire, BP 3, 35134 Coesmes, Bretagne, France.

INTERNET ROUNDUP

The Internet, the Thought-Police, and CompuServe by Richard Widmann

The Internet and the World Wide Web in particular have become the greatest open forum for the free exchange of ideas in the history of man. The ability to instantly "publish" ideas and opinions on just about any topic has appealed to the sensibilities of millions worldwide. Today, virtually anything and everything can be found on the Internet. Opinions spanning the complete spectrum are available on the Internet: from Revisionists to Exterminationists, the Right to the Left, Christians to Pagans. Along with valued political and historical discourse, there are of course those who peddle pornography for cash.

Just as people have thrilled to their new found freedoms, governments have shuddered, recognizing their

loss of control. Ever since the popularity of the Internet has grown, so have the concerns of the would-be censors and thought-police around the world. Oftentimes using the pornographers as a justification, censors worldwide have attempted to stem the tide of political dissent. Most of the countries of the world have explored various methods to censor materials on the Internet. Earlier this year, President Clinton signed a sweeping piece of censorship legislation known as the "Communications Decency Act" only to have it overturned in a court of law.

One of the countries leading the pack in the denial of free speech and thought is Germany. A new law under consideration in supporting the subscription drive of Germany's lower house of parliament would require on-line companies to block access to "child pornography," "neo-Nazi to being described as 'the sort of materials," or "other extreme pictures or writing" on the Internet.

Although this latest attempt at Internet censorship seems ominous and sends shivers down the spines

of civil libertarians around the world, it is flawed. The bureaucrats in Germany don't understand the beauty and power of the Internet. Their attempt to control the minds of their people can be likened to the building of a fence to hold back the sea.

In response to Germany's threat, CompuServe, the world's second largest on-line service provider, has announced that it may simply move its operations out of Germany. CompuServe is considering moving its headquarters to another country that does not hold on-line companies responsible for the content of the Internet. CompuServe will however continue to provide services to Germany.

The general manager of CompuServe, Felix Somm, told German television, "It cannot be that a provider has to make massive investments to control an international network, if you can offer services with significantly less cost next door in Luxembourg."

The genie called "freedom" is out of the bottle. While the politicians of the world try to put him back in, truth is being beamed from and to every corner of the globe.

Letters

When Bradley Smith asked me via e-

Smith's Report, I replied okay "but

please first advise me. Do you object

something like that? That is how I

mail if I would write a statement

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Professor Arthur R. Butz

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Arthur Butz When Bradley Smith asked me via email if I would write a statement supporting the subscription drive of Smith's Report, I replied okay "but please first advise me. Do you object to being described as 'the sort of crank we can't do without', or something like that? That is how I actually view you." Bradley seemed a bit miffed by this but, perhaps partly out of curiosity,

replied that he could "go with crank, or something like that."

I believe my explanation for holding this view will constitute the desired endorsement. I think the main outward features of a crank are (1) promotion of a cause that seems outlandish to general society and (2) great perseverance over many years in promoting this cause and (3) great displays of energy in intruding into forums whose overseers don't want him there and (4) little prospect of personal gain from such activities. Bradley's activities have all of these features.

Since the label "crank" is usually applied by those who don't like the cause involved, and since they are still in the majority in relation to Bradley's, at least in the centers of power and influence, I see no objection to those who support his cause accepting the label but adding that "we can't do without" this crank.

New readers of *Smith's Report*, or even those who have been reading it for a few years, may not appreciate his perseverance and energy in working to open up the "Holocaust" to rational examination. I have been able to observe his activities since 1980, and they have almost always pleased me. Nobody else comes close to playing the role he does. For example IHR is primarily a publisher and has never been significantly active on college campuses.

Everybody will agree on one thing about a crank. The only thing that might stop his activities is final success. That is why *Smith's Report* and Bradley's other Holocaust revisionist activities should be studied and supported by all.

Revisionism to the world!

Following is a partial list of the revisionist materials posted on CODOHWeb which I can send you in printed form. It costs about ten cents per printed page, plus postage and handling, to get it to you. Your contribution over and above that amount, if possible, is much appreciated.

The Controversy about the Extermination of the Jews, Germar Rudolf. The cultural, political and legal tools used to prohibit intellectual freedom in modern Germany. A detailed, powerful indictment. 28pp.

The "Gas Chambers" at Auschwitz and Majdanek, Germar Rudolf. 32pp.

Dissident Authors Index. Full listing of authors whose work is posted on CODOHWeb. 9pp. Alphabetical Index by Subject and Title. 7pp. The two together--16pp.

Auschwitz: Das Ende einer Legende, Carlo Mattogno. 50pp.

Typhus and the Jews (update), Friedrich Paul Berg. 29pp.

Remers Kommentare zum Rudolf Gutachten, Germar Rudolf.

The Fraud of Zionism, by Wilbur Sensor. 9pp. Recent Congressional Record Entries addressing the Holocaust story. 5pp.

First-ever translations into English by Carlos Porter.

Katyn: How the Soviets Manufactured War Crime Documents for the Nuremberg Court. 33pp.

Document 008-USSR. Report by the Soviet War Crimes Commission on Auschwitz, 6 May 1945. 17pp.

Japanese War Crimes Trials. Many comic testimonies, such as "Queer Facts, or, How I Ate Gall Bladders While Writing My Diary." 18pp.

The Ruling Discourse. Bradley R. Smith. Opening chapter to Smith's everlasting work-in-progress. 9pp.

The Founding Myths of Israeli Politics. Roger Garaudy. 122pp. The book which caused an uproar in France by confronting Zionism and the Jewish Holocaust story headon. Includes the open letter from Abbe Pierre to Garaudy of 15 April 96. Spiral-bound.

Contribution \$35.00

The Holocaust Controversy: The Case for Open Debate. Bradley Smith. The most widely read revisionist essay ever published. This new printing contains our new address for CODOHWeb and a mug shot of myself. Eight panels. 10 copies \$2. 50 copies \$5. 100 or more copies 8 cents each (all postpaid).

(If you still have copies of this leaflet that do not have my photo on the front panel, send me a card and I will replace them with copies from the new printing at no charge.)

My very best wishes for the holidays!

Smith's Report

Subscriptions:

\$29 for one year. 11 issues \$35 for Canada and Mexico \$39 for overseas addresses

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